This sheet will not be graded (feel free to write on it).

C Function Definitions

```
size_t fread(void *ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *stream);

      The  function  fread() reads nmemb items of data, each size bytes long,
      from the stream pointed to by stream,  storing  them  at  the  location
      given by ptr. If fread receives an EOF before the total number of expected
      bytes has been read, it still stores the bytes read so far into ptr.

      Note that fread() does not add a null byte after input.

char *fgets(char *s, int size, FILE *stream);

      fgets() reads in at most one less than size  characters from stream and
      stores them into the buffer pointed to by s. Reading stops after an EOF
      or a newline.  If a newline is read, it is stored into  the  buffer.  A
      terminating null byte ('\0') is stored after the last character  in the
      buffer.

void *memcpy(void *dest, void *src, size_t n);

      The memcpy() function copies n bytes from memory area src to memory area
      dest.
```

SQL Syntax

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...
FROM table_name
WHERE condition

INSERT INTO table_name (column1, column2, column3, ...)
VALUES (value1, value2, value3, ...)

UPDATE table_name
SET column1 = value1, column2 = value2, ...
WHERE condition

DELETE FROM table_name WHERE condition
```

General Exam Assumptions

Unless otherwise specified, you can assume these facts on the entire exam:

- Memory safety:
  - You are on a little-endian 32-bit x86 system.
  - There is no compiler padding or saved additional registers.
  - If stack canaries are enabled, they are four completely random bytes (no null byte).
  - You can write your answers in Python syntax (as seen in Project 1).
  - Unless otherwise specified, all other memory safety defenses are disabled.
  - Unless otherwise specified, each x86 instruction is 4 bytes long in machine code.
- Cryptography:
  - The attacker knows the algorithms being used (Shannon's maxim).
  - $\|$ denotes concatenation.
  - H refers to a secure cryptographic hash function unless otherwise specified.
  - g and p refer to a public generator element and large prime modulus, respectively.
  - IVs are randomly generated per encryption unless otherwise specified.
  - Enc refers to an IND-CPA secure encryption scheme unless otherwise specified.
  - $\texttt{Generate}(n)$ generates n bits from a given PRNG.